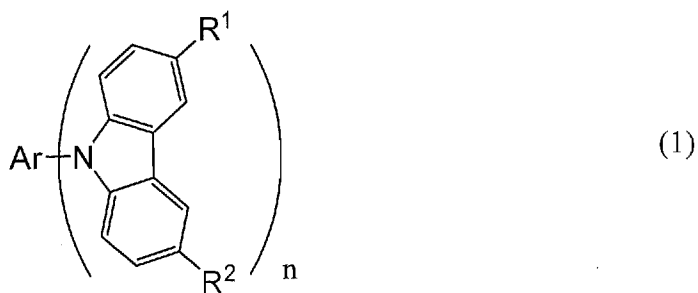


The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

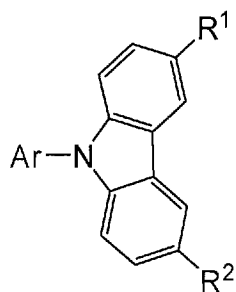
**Listing of Claims:**

1. (Previously Presented) A composition for manufacturing a light emitting element, comprising an organic compound represented in the general formula (1), and one of tantalum oxide, molybdenum oxide, tungsten oxide, and ruthenium oxide,



wherein Ar represents an aromatic series hydrocarbon group having 6 to 42 carbon atoms; n represents a natural number from 1 to 3; and R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> represent hydrogen, an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or an aryl group having 6 to 12 carbon atoms.

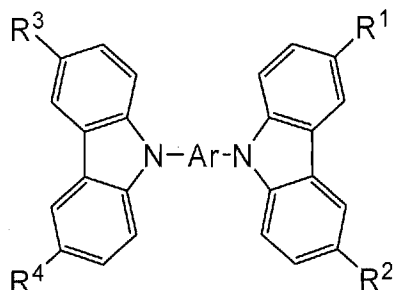
2. (Previously Presented) A composition for manufacturing a light emitting element, comprising an organic compound represented in the general formula (2), and one of tantalum oxide, molybdenum oxide, tungsten oxide, and ruthenium oxide,



(2)

wherein Ar represents a monovalent aromatic series hydrocarbon group having 6 to 42 carbon atoms; and R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> represent hydrogen, an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or an aryl group having 6 to 12 carbon atoms.

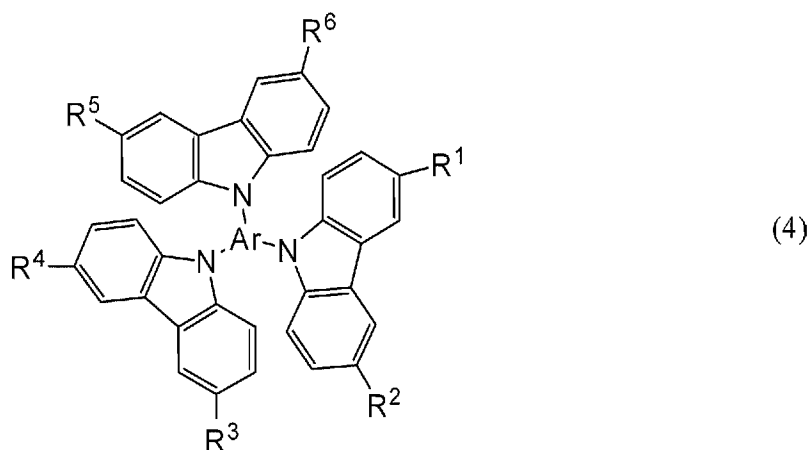
3. (Previously Presented) A composition for manufacturing a light emitting element, comprising an organic compound represented in the general formula (3), and one of tantalum oxide, molybdenum oxide, tungsten oxide, and ruthenium oxide,



(3)

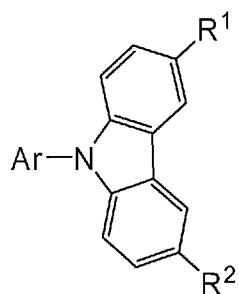
wherein Ar represents a divalent aromatic series hydrocarbon group having 6 to 42 carbon atoms; and R<sup>1</sup> to R<sup>4</sup> represent hydrogen, an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or an aryl group having 6 to 12 carbon atoms.

4. (Previously Presented) A composition for manufacturing a light emitting element, comprising an organic compound represented in the general formula (4), and one of tantalum oxide, molybdenum oxide, tungsten oxide, and ruthenium oxide,

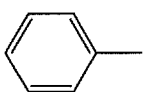


wherein Ar represents a trivalent aromatic series hydrocarbon group having 6 to 42 carbon atoms; and R<sup>1</sup> to R<sup>6</sup> represent hydrogen, or an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or an aryl group having 6 to 12 carbon atoms.

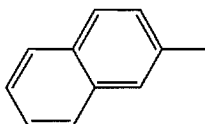
5. (Previously Presented) A composition for manufacturing a light emitting element, according to claim 2, wherein Ar represents any of the aromatic series hydrocarbon groups represented in the structural formulas (2-1) to (2-3),



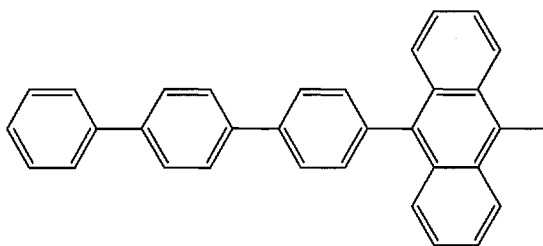
(2)



(2-1)

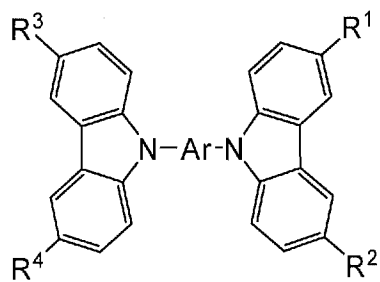


(2-2)

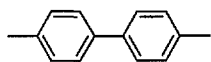


(2-3)

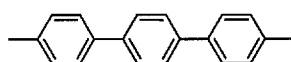
6. (Previously Presented) A composition for manufacturing a light emitting element, according to claim 3, wherein Ar represents any of the aromatic series hydrocarbon groups represented in the structural formulas (3-1) to (3-10),



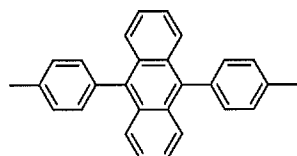
(3)



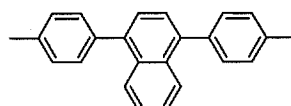
(3-1)



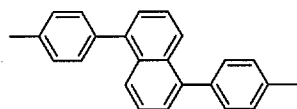
(3-2)



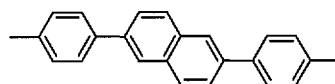
(3-3)



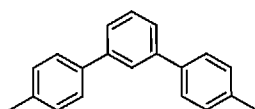
(3-4)



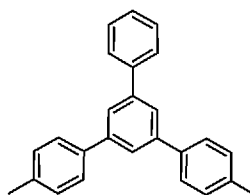
(3-5)



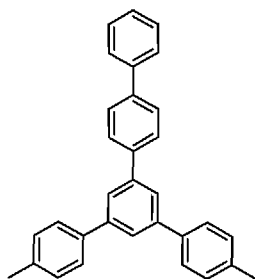
(3-6)



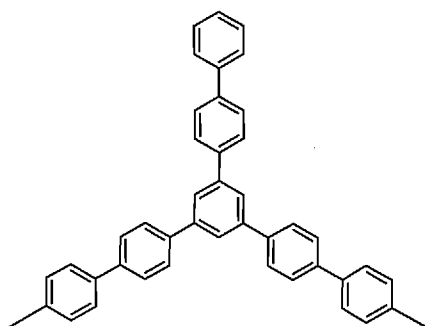
(3-7)



(3-8)

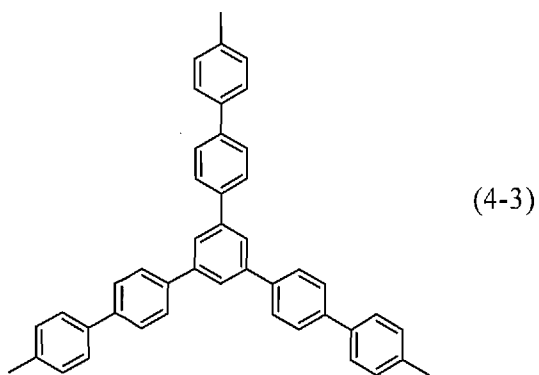
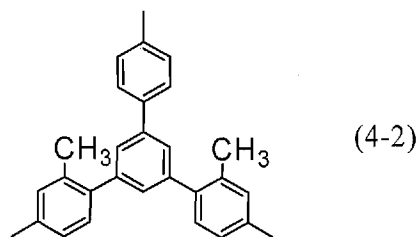
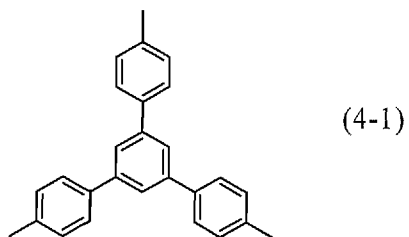
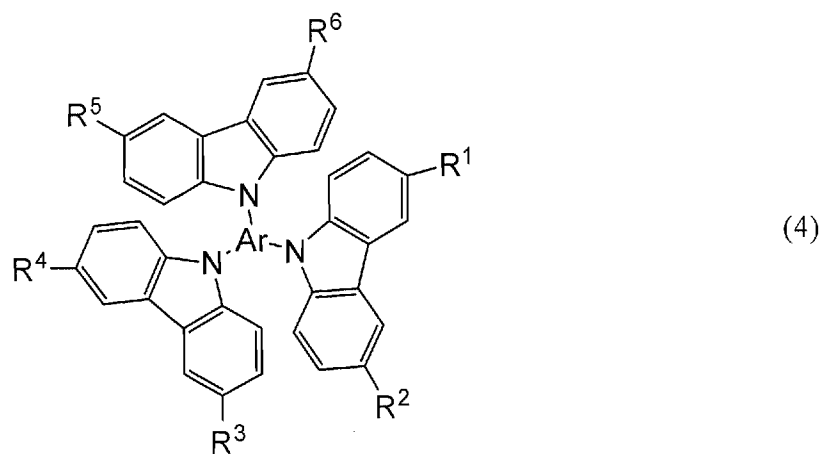


(3-9)



(3-10)

7. (Previously Presented) A composition for manufacturing a light emitting element, according to claim 4, wherein Ar represents any of the aromatic series hydrocarbon groups represented in the structural formulas (4-1) to (4-3),



8. (Previously Presented) A composition for manufacturing a light emitting element, comprising an aryl carbazole and one of tantalum oxide, molybdenum oxide, tungsten oxide, and ruthenium oxide.

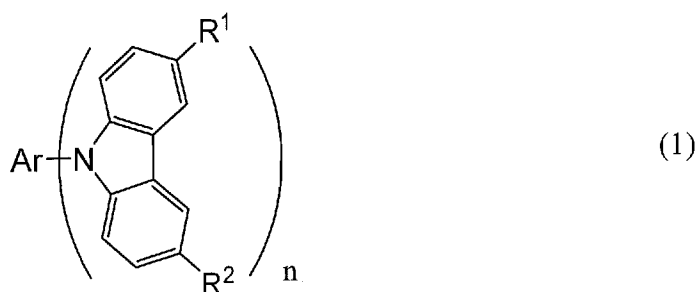
9. (Previously Presented) A composition for manufacturing a light emitting element, comprising an aryl carbazole which does not have an arylamine skeleton, and one of tantalum oxide, molybdenum oxide, tungsten oxide, and ruthenium oxide.

10.-12. (Canceled)

13. (Previously Presented) A light emitting element comprising between a first electrode and a second electrode:

a layer including an organic compound represented in the general formula (1) and one of tantalum oxide, molybdenum oxide, tungsten oxide, and ruthenium oxide; and

a layer including a light emitting substance,

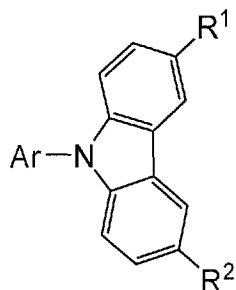


wherein Ar represents an aromatic series hydrocarbon group having 6 to 42 carbon atoms; n represents a natural number from 1 to 3; and R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> represent hydrogen, an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or an aryl group having 6 to 12 carbon atoms.

14. (Previously Presented) A light emitting element comprising between a first electrode and a second electrode:

a layer including an organic compound represented in the general formula (2),  
and one of tantalum oxide, molybdenum oxide, tungsten oxide, and ruthenium oxide;  
and

a layer including a light emitting substance,



(2)

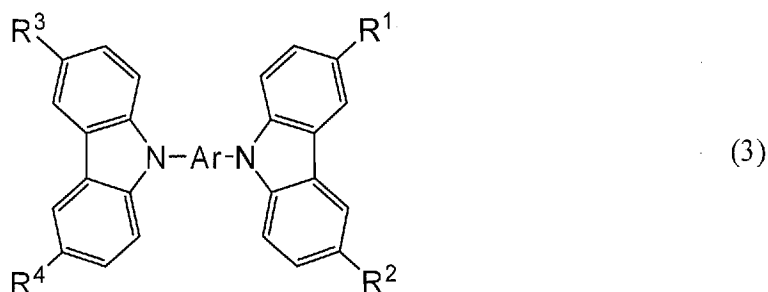
wherein Ar represents a monovalent aromatic series hydrocarbon group having 6 to 42 carbon atoms; and R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> represent hydrogen, an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or an aryl group having 6 to 12 carbon atoms.

15. (Previously Presented) A light emitting element comprising between a first electrode and a second electrode:

a layer including an organic compound represented in the general formula (3),  
and one of tantalum oxide, molybdenum oxide, tungsten oxide, and ruthenium oxide;  
and

a layer including a light emitting substance,



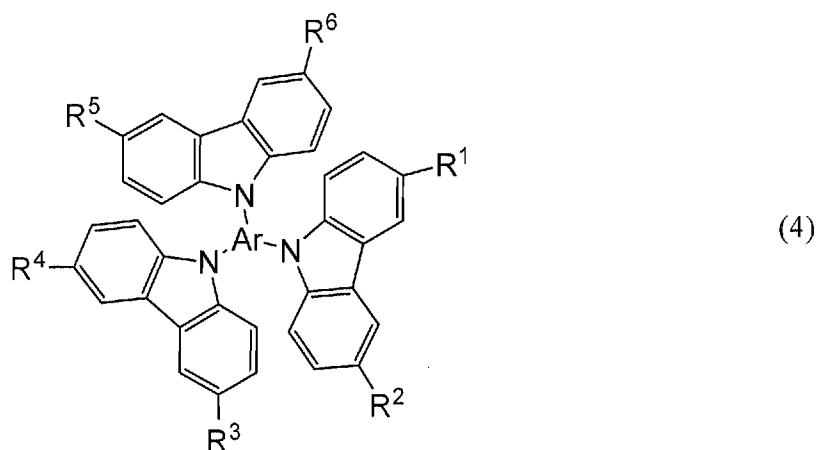


wherein Ar represents a divalent aromatic series hydrocarbon group having 6 to 42 carbon atoms; and R<sup>1</sup> to R<sup>4</sup> represent hydrogen, an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or an aryl group having 6 to 12 carbon atoms.

16. (Previously Presented) A light emitting element comprising between a first electrode and a second electrode:

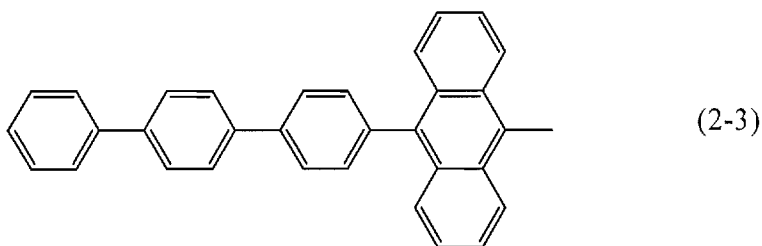
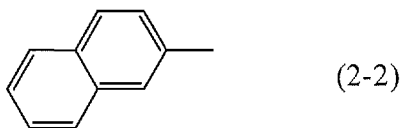
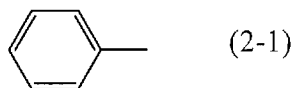
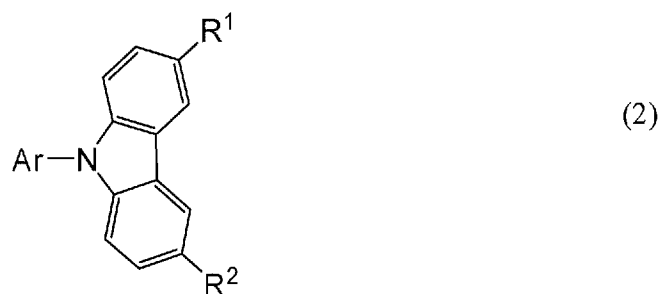
a layer including an organic compound represented in the general formula (4),  
and one of tantalum oxide, molybdenum oxide, tungsten oxide, and ruthenium oxide;  
and

a layer including a light emitting substance,

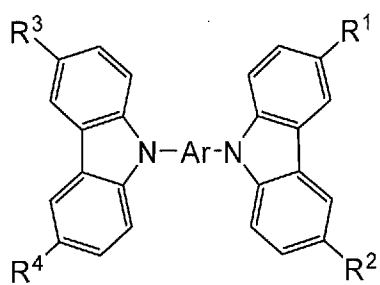


wherein Ar represents a trivalent aromatic series hydrocarbon group having 6 to 42 carbon atoms; and R<sup>1</sup> to R<sup>6</sup> represent hydrogen, an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or an aryl group having 6 to 12 carbon atoms.

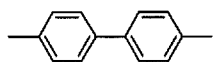
17. (Previously Presented) A light emitting element according to claim 14, wherein Ar represents one of the aromatic series hydrocarbon groups represented in the structural formulas (2-1) to (2-3),



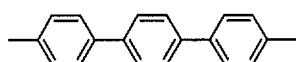
18. (Previously Presented) A light emitting element according to claim 15, wherein Ar represents one of the aromatic series hydrocarbon groups represented in the structural formulas (3-1) to (3-10),



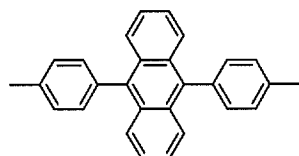
(3)



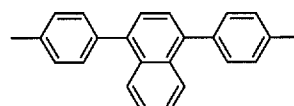
(3-1)



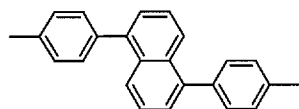
(3-2)



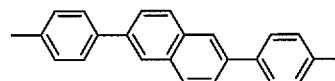
(3-3)



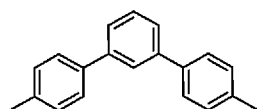
(3-4)



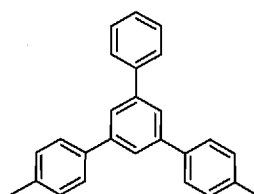
(3-5)



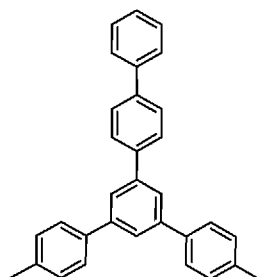
(3-6)



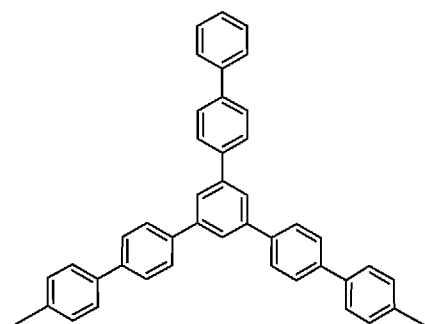
(3-7)



(3-8)

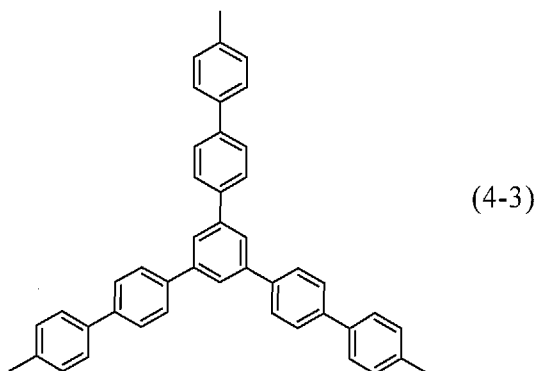
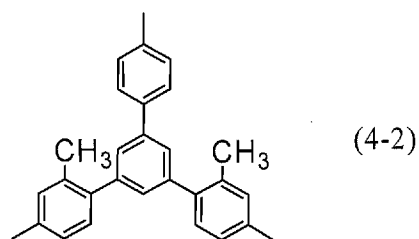
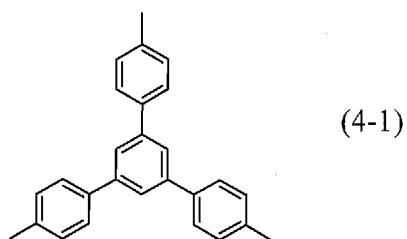
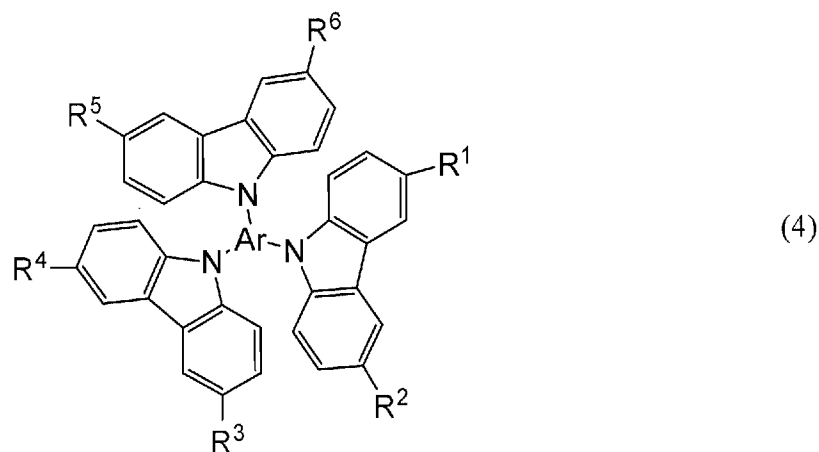


(3-9)



(3-10)

19. (Previously Presented) A light emitting element according to claim 16, wherein Ar represents one of the aromatic series hydrocarbon groups represented in the structural formulas (4-1) to (4-3),



20. (Previously Presented) A light emitting element comprising between a first electrode and a second electrode:

a layer including an aryl carbazole and an inorganic compound; and

a layer including a light emitting substance,

wherein the inorganic compound is one of tantalum oxide, molybdenum oxide, tungsten oxide, and ruthenium oxide.

21. (Previously Presented) A light emitting element comprising between a first electrode and a second electrode:

a layer including an aryl carbazole which does not have an arylamine skeleton, and one of tantalum oxide, molybdenum oxide, tungsten oxide, and ruthenium oxide; and

a layer including a light emitting substance.

22.-24. (Canceled)

25. (Original) A light emitting device comprising:

the light emitting element according to any one of claims 13 to 16, 20 and 21; and

a means for controlling light emission of the light emitting element.

26. (Original) An electronic appliance comprising:

a display portion, the display portion which includes the light emitting element according to any one of claims 13 to 16, 20 and 21; and

a means for controlling light emission of the light emitting element.

27. (Previously Presented) A light emitting element according to claim 13, wherein a thickness of the layer including the organic compound represented in the

general formula (1), and one of tantalum oxide, molybdenum oxide, tungsten oxide, and ruthenium oxide is 60 nm or more.

28. (Previously Presented) A light emitting element according to claim 13, wherein the organic compound represented in the general formula (1), and one of tantalum oxide, molybdenum oxide, tungsten oxide, and ruthenium oxide is in contact with the first electrode.

29. (Previously Presented) A composition for manufacturing a light emitting element according to claim 1, wherein mixing ratio of the organic compound and the one of tantalum oxide, molybdenum oxide, tungsten oxide, and ruthenium oxide is 1:0.1 to 1:10 in molar ratio.

30. (New) A composition for manufacturing a light emitting element according to any one of claims 1 to 4, 8 and 9, wherein the composition has transparency.

31. (New) A light emitting element according to claim 13, wherein the layer including an organic compound represented in the general formula (1) and one of tantalum oxide, molybdenum oxide, tungsten oxide, and ruthenium oxide has transparency.

32. (New) A light emitting element according to claim 14, wherein the layer including an organic compound represented in the general formula (2) and one of tantalum oxide, molybdenum oxide, tungsten oxide, and ruthenium oxide has transparency.

33. (New) A light emitting element according to claim 15, wherein the layer including an organic compound represented in the general formula (3) and one of

tantalum oxide, molybdenum oxide, tungsten oxide, and ruthenium oxide has transparency.

34. (New) A light emitting element according to claim 16, wherein the layer including an organic compound represented in the general formula (4) and one of tantalum oxide, molybdenum oxide, tungsten oxide, and ruthenium oxide has transparency.

35. (New) A light emitting element according to claim 20, wherein the layer including an aryl carbazole and an inorganic compound has transparency.

36. (New) A light emitting element according to claim 21, wherein the layer including an aryl carbazole which does not have an arylamine skeleton, and one of tantalum oxide, molybdenum oxide, tungsten oxide, and ruthenium oxide has transparency.